





## Developing Library Collections for Today's Young Adults

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## Developing Library Collections for Today's Young Adults



Great library collections for young adults

- Relevant
- Up-to-date
- Accessible
- Useful

## Developing Library Collections for Today's Young Adults

#### Three Key Tasks:

- •Regular monitoring
- Continuous review
- •Thoughtful development



## Monitoring the Collection

#### Questions to Ask:



- Who is using the library's YA collection?
- What books, DVDs, CDs, magazines, audiobooks or computer games are library patrons borrowing?
- What are the most popular titles and formats?
- Is there any pattern to book or material borrowing in the YA collection?

## Monitoring the Collection

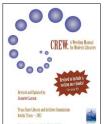
Question	Finding the Answer	
What are library patrons borrowing?	Circulation statistics by collection and item type	
What are the most popular titles and formats?	Circulation statistics by collection, item type, and frequency	
Is there any pattern to YA material borrowing?	Circulation statistics by collection, item type, frequency and date	

DOORHS! (Meon)

## Reviewing the Collection

#### The CREW Method:

Continuous Review, Evaluation, and Weeding



#### Why CREW?

- Space considerations
- · Access considerations
- Safety considerations

## Reviewing the Collection

Initial Evaluation of the Whole Collection: What do you have and how is it used?

### Circulation statistics to collect:

- Circulation per capita: total circulation of the YA collection / population
- Turnover rate: total circulation of the YA collection / number of items in the YA collection
- Use factor: ratio of circulation to holdings (e.g., graphic novels comprise 30% of the collection and account for 25% of the circulation)

## Reviewing the Collection

#### What These Statistics Tell Us:

Statistic	Meaning
Circulation per capita (CPC)	High CPC = high use Low CPC = low use *compare to adult and children's CPC
Turnover Rate (TR)	High TR = in specific topical areas suggests a need for more material Periodic High TR = suggests intermittent need (school project)
Use Factor (UF)	Comparative UF = interest in collection High UF (high circ. %; low collection %) = need for more material

## Reviewing the Collection

## Initial Evaluation of the Whole Collection (Part 2):

What do you have and how is it used?

### Collection measures to collect:

- 1. Total Composition: total number of items and total number of unique titles in the YA collection
- Subject/Format Composition: total number of items and total number of unique titles in subject areas and format collections (e.g., DVDs, graphic novels)
- Age: average age (in terms of publication date) of all items in the collection in total, by subject and format

### Reviewing the Collection

#### What These Statistics Tell Us:

Statistic	Meaning
Total Composition	High or low incidence of duplicate copies
Subject/ Format Composition	Proportion of fiction to nonfiction Proportion of formats to formats Proportion of titles across subject areas
Age	Average age of the whole collection  Average age of subject and format collections

## Weeding the Collection

#### Where Do I Begin?



- Weeding calendar (weed a subject area or section of the alphabet each month)
- High need (weed the oldest section of the collection first)

#### BOOKHST Webi

## Weeding the Collection

### Step-by-Step:

- 1. Select area to weed
- 2. Determine weeding criteria
  - a. Professional standards for age and condition (X/X/MUSTIE)
  - b. Bibliographic standards (guides, catalogs, and awards selection)
  - c. Local needs and expectations
- 3. Check all items against criteria
- Get rid of old material and purchase updates or replacements

## Weeding Criteria

## Professional Standards for Age and Condition: X/X/MUSTIE

X = years since publication (item age)

**X** = years since last circulation (item use)

**M** = Misleading

U = Ugly

S = Superseded

**T** = Trivial

I = Irrelevant

E = Elsewhere

## Weeding Criteria

#### Standards for Age:

Resources Describing Standards for Age (by DDC):



- Baumbach, D. and Miller, L. (2006), Less is More: A Practical Guide to Weeding School Library Collections
- Larson, J. and TSLA (2012), CREW: A Weeding Manual for Modern Libraries
  - Pattee, A. (2013), Developing Library Collections for Today's Young Adults

## Weeding Criteria

## Bibliographic Standards (Catalogs, Awards, Local Considerations):

Resources Listing Notable Titles:

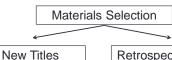


- H.W. Wilson's Senior High Core Collection and Middle and Jr. High Core Collection
- · ALA's Book and Media Awards for Youth
- · Local curricula and required reading
- Annual summer reading lists



## **Selecting Material**

#### Selecting New and "Old" Material:



- Newly published fiction and nonfiction
- Updated editions of weeded titles
- Retrospective Titles
- Replacement titlesAward winners
- "Classic" titles

### **Selecting Material**

#### (Very) Broad Criteria for Selection:

Young Adult Librarians Should Seek Material That Is:

- Reflective of library's mission, goals and objectives
- 2. Relevant and responsive
- 3. Accessible
- 4. Timely
- 5. Complementary
- Reflective of quality standards for material in the same format or topical area

BOOKIIST @ebi

## **Selecting Material**

#### Library Guidelines:

- Institution type (e.g., school, public "headquarters" library, public branch, special collections)
- Collection perspective (e.g., collection centered, user centered, curriculum centered)
- 3. Collection development policy
- Shelving and organization of the library's collection
- 5. Staff responsibility for selection (per #4)

## **Selecting Material**

#### General Advice for Most Libraries:

- Select material that reflects what users want, need, and have used in the recent past (hint: look at circulation statistics)
- Select material in formats that reflect the interests and needs of users
- 3. Consider the organization of the library's collection of formatted and topical material: should format and topical collections be re-organized?

## **Selecting Material**

#### Electronic Resources and New Challenges

#### E-books:

CHALLENGE: Invisible on shelves, hard to find in OPACs and poorly described and cataloged in e-book

SOLUTION: Publicize new YA e-books on library's web site, linking cover image directly to e-book record for easy checkout

B Public Library of Cincinatti and Hamilton County, 2014)

## **Selecting Material**

#### Electronic Resources and New Challenges

#### Technological Tools:

CHALLENGE: Teens—particularly those in underresourced communities—lack consistent access to

technological tools

SOLUTION: Consider technological tools (computers, laptops, tablets) and connectivity (Wi-Fi and off-site access) elements of the library's collection for young people

(ivoss 2005

Booklist 🕎

## Collection Development Resources

#### Weeding Information and Guidelines:

#### Online

- Larson, J. and Texas State Library and Archives Commission (2012). CREW: A Weeding Manual for Modern Libraries. Retrieved from:
  - https://www.tsl.texas.gov/sites/default/files/public/tslac/ld/ld/pubs/crew/crewmethod12.pdf
- Vnuk, R. (2012, Feb. 2013, Nov.). Weeding tips [article series].
   Booklist Online. Retrieved from: http://booklistonline.com
- Kelly, M. and Hibner, M. (2013). Awful Library Books. Retrieved from: http://awfullibrarybooks.net [see the "Will Weed for Food" page for useful instructional slides]

## Collection Development Resources

#### Weeding Information and Guidelines:

#### In Print:

- Baumbach, D.J. and Miller, L.L. (2006). Less is More: A Practical Guide to Weeding School Library Collections. Chicago: ALA.
- Doll, C. and Barron, P.P. (2002). Managing and Analyzing Your Collection: A Practical Guide for Small Libraries and School Media Centers. Chicago: ALA.
- Pattee, A. (2013). Developing Library Collections for Today's Young Adults. Lanham, MD: Scarecrow Press.

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## Collection Development Resources

#### Selecting Material for Young Adults:

#### Books and Media:

- YALSA (2014). Book Awards and Booklists for Libraries. Retrieved from:
- http://www.ala.org/yalsa/bookawards/booklists/members
- YALSA (2014). The Hub: Your Connection to Teen Reads. Retrieved from: http://www.yalsa.ala.org/thehub/
- YABC (1998-2014). Young Adult Books Central. Retrieved from: http://www.yabookscentral.com/

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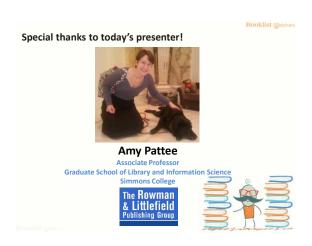
CCAC North Library (2008). *Library Books* [Digital image]. Retrieved from: http://www.flickr.com/photos/ccacnorthlib/3554627894/

jvoss (2010). computer [Digital image]. Retrieved from: http://www.flickr.com/photos/jvoss/55540712/in/photostream/

Public Library of Cincinnati and Hamiliton County (2014). *Teenspace*. Retrieved from: http://teenspace.cincinnatilibrary.org/

Ter Haar, K. (2010). *Untitled* [Digital image]. Retrieved from: http://www.flickr.com/photos/8489692@N03/5021019816/in/photolist





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